

# THE OYEN NEWS

VOL. 19, No. 36.

OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1932

PAGE ONE

Subscribers are asked to look at the label on their paper.

## Radio

We now have on display the latest model  
**Philco Radio**  
It looks better—it sounds better—It Is Better!  
Come in and hear it.

New stock of Radio A and B Batteries on hand at lower prices than ever.

Heavy duty B batteries . . . \$2.75 and up  
Storage batteries, 13 plate . . . \$7.95 and up

## JOHNSON'S GARAGE

Main Street, Oyen

Phone 14

Read the ads. in the News

## Teachers Organize Local Group

Saturday afternoon, October 29, several enthusiastic teachers met in the Oyen School for the purpose of forming a Local Teachers' Group. It was decided that meetings should be of an informal nature to discuss problems common to the teachers.

The business meeting was taken up with the election of officers and a discussion of topics suitable for the programme of future meetings.

The following officers were elected to hold office for a term of one year: President—Mr. J. E. Martin, Vice-president—Mr. E. Toub, Secretary-Treasurer—Miss A. M. Todd, Press Correspondent—Miss M. Locke.

Mrs. Robinson of Oyen, kindly invited the group to her home for the next meeting which will be held on Saturday November 12 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

It is to be hoped that as many teachers as possible take advantage of this organization as a means of meeting the other teachers of the Oyen inspectors.

## Red Cross Appeal

A Province-wide Appeal for Red Cross will be launched in Alberta during the week of November 14th, as announced by Dr. Egbert, President of the Society.

The Provincial Executive have decided this year that only a straight Red Cross Appeal should be made and that the relief which the Society is called upon to give will be dealt through their own services, being limited to cases of sickness only, especially amongst children, and to service in the schools through the Junior Red Cross. The Junior Red Cross Children's Hospital has during the past year been extended to accommodate 30 beds to supply the urgent needs occasioned by conditions prevailing throughout the Province. The Appeal will be made especially on behalf of the Hospital, and such cases of urgent need and sickness in outlying districts as cannot receive from the Government.

The work of the Red Cross in all its relief cases will be carried on in close co-operation with Government Officials so as to

## MILLER'S SPECIALS

Men's fine wool Windbreakers, good colors  
Worth 2.75 Special . . . . . 1.85  
Men's Fancy Flannel shirts, separate collar  
worth 3.00, large sizes only. Special . . . 1.25  
Boy's Windbreaker, Fancy wool plaid patterns. Worth 2.85. Special at . . . 1.85  
Children's heavy wool sweaters, Special at . . . . . .85  
Children's Wool Suits Size two, four and six years. 2.00 Value for . . . . . 1.25  
Men! Don't forget we are selling Felt Boots and Overshoes at very close prices.

Friday, November 11, being Armistice Day and a Public Holiday, our Store will be closed all day.

## S. A. MILLER

—MEMBER OF—

Associated Grocers Ltd.

avoid any overlapping.

The President, Dr. Egbert, in announcing the Appeal, states that few people realize the tremendous amount of work which has been done by the Red Cross during the past year with the funds put at its disposal through the Emergency Appeal. In relation to relief this year, however, it is felt that by limiting the scope of relief work to deal with the type of cases that is not being covered through other sources, especially by the needs of the sick and of school children, the Red Cross (Continued on page 2.)

ate and of talking over individual problems.

Several helpful as well as interesting suggestions were made for the coming programme. The next meeting of course will be taken up with a discussion of Christmas Concert suggestions, a name for the organization and an aim for the group. It was suggested that more use be made of the Hansa library. Many other ideas were offered of interest to the progressive teacher.

We would like the co-operation of all the teachers possible at the next meeting.

## Members of Masonic Fraternity to meet in Chinook, Thursday

Members of the Masonic fraternity in District No. 14, meet tomorrow in Chinook. The afternoon session opens at 2 p.m. and will be followed by a banquet at 6 p.m. At the evening session which opens at 8 p.m. brethren present will be favored by an address by Most Worshipful Brother, Gilbert M. Blackstock, Grand Master, and other Grand Lodge officers.

## Church Notices

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 6

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

EXCEL . . . . . 11:00 a.m.  
SUPERIOR . . . . . 2:30 p.m.  
OYEN . . . . . 7:30 p.m.

Rev. E. F. KEMP

All Are Cordially Invited

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

Evangelism . . . . . 7:30 p.m.

Rev. C. M. K. Parsons  
Vicar.

## Professional Cards

### Dr. D. L. Dick

Physician and Surgeon  
Office on First Avenue East  
Phone No. 7

Oyen - Alta.

### John P. Kerr

Veterinary Surgeon  
Graduate of Ontario  
Veterinary College,  
Oyen, Alta.

### MUSIC LESSONS

### Miss Lillian Reinhold

A.T.C.M.  
(7 years Mount Royal College)  
PIANOFORTE LESSONS  
Preparation for Toronto Conservatory  
of Music examinations.  
Studio on Main street, Oyen  
Four doors south of Second avenue.  
(West side)  
Box 37, Oyen, Alberta.

### Edward A. Kirkwood

Concert Violinist and Teacher  
Pupil of the late Dr. Knutis  
and Giesse de Kres  
will be in

Oyen every Tuesday

Address communications to Box 37  
Oyen - Alberta



## GOVERNMENT OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA

### 4% LOAN—1932

The Minister of Finance offers for public subscription:

**\$80,000,000**

### Dominion of Canada 4% Bonds

Bearing interest from 15th October, 1932, and offered in two maturities, as follows:

\$25,000,000— 3 YEAR 4% BONDS, DUE 15th OCTOBER, 1935

\$55,000,000—20 YEAR 4% BONDS, DUE 15th OCTOBER, 1952

Subject to redemption at par and interest on or after 15th October, 1947

Principal payable without charge, in lawful money of Canada, at the office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General of Canada at Ottawa or at the office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, Saint John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Victoria.

Interest payable half-yearly, 15th April and 15th October, in lawful money of Canada, without charge, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

### Denominations:

3 YEAR BONDS, \$1,000

20 YEAR BONDS, \$500 and \$1,000

The proceeds of this loan will be used to retire \$34,449,950 of bonds maturing 1st November, 1932, and to provide for the general purposes of the Government and the Canadian National Railways.

The Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge on the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada.

The amount of this issue is \$80,000,000. The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to allot or reject the whole or any part of subscriptions received, provided such allotments do not increase the principal amount of the issue by more than \$25,000,000.

Applications will not be valid on forms other than those printed by the King's Printer.

ISSUE PRICE: 3 Year Bonds, 99.20 and interest, yielding to maturity 4.28%  
20 Year Bonds, 93.45 and interest, yielding to maturity 4.50%

Payment to be made in full at time of application or in the case of the 3-year bonds, on allotment.

Subscription lists will open on 31st October, 1932, and will close on or before 16th November, 1932, with or without notice, at the discretion of the Minister of Finance. Subscriptions will be received by any branch in Canada of any chartered bank and by recognized dealers from whom official applications forms may be obtained.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,  
Ottawa, 31st October, 1932

## Fragrance Sealed In Metal

"**NO MORE TEARS**"

"Fresh from the Gardens"

Lest We Forget.

Fourteen years have come and gone since that momentous eleventh hour of the eleventh day, of the eleventh month of 1918, when the armistice which ended hostilities in the greatest war in the history of mankind became effective. Once again the people of Canada observe "Remembrance Day"—a day on which they pay tribute to the memory of the thousands of their fellow citizens, men and women, who gave their lives in a cause which to them, and to us who survive, was a sacred, a noble cause, namely, a war to end war.

But as we look back over those fourteen years, and as we view the state of the world today, we are perplexed as we seek an answer to the question: Has war, after all, been ended? We are disturbed and suffer disquietude as we contemplate the present world situation. Were the sacrifices of 1914-1918 all in vain? Is something worse to follow?

The millions of the world have not disarmed; quite the reverse is true. Armaments are greater and more deadly today than they were in July, 1914. There have been numerous attempts to reduce armaments, but none to do away with them altogether, and the attempts at reduction have been feeble and for the most part ineffectual.

Under the terms of the Peace Treaty Germany was disarmed, and her allies reduced to a position of impotence for the time being. But in disarming Germany, the Allies tacitly agreed to bring about world disarmament. They have failed to do this, and are insisting on one of two things, either that the Allies proceed to disarm or that Germany be permitted to re-arm. The German demand is a reasonable one. The Allies cannot expect to hold a great, proud and powerful people in the position which the German people are today to occupy all the rest of their lives.

What is to be the outcome? Will the Allies at last make a real, determined, an honest attempt to disarm? If they do not, they will either have to agree to the re-arming of Germany, or that country will proceed to re-arm without their consent, and will win, or can, stop her?

But did the World War end war? As a matter of fact, it is not the war still in progress, but in another form which is bringing ruin upon all nations and imposing huge and terrible suffering upon millions of millions of people? The weapons now employed are not bullets and bombs and bayonets, but extreme nationalist policies of many kinds—restrictive trade measures, prohibitive tariffs, trade quotas, immigration quotas, with each nation striving to outdo the other in the accumulation of armaments. Where do we find two nations working in cordial co-operation to advance, not only their own welfare but the welfare of each other, and the world at large? Rather, are not the nations engaged in waging war upon each other, each nation to outdo the other in the accumulation of armaments?

Narrow nationalism kept alive by, and in turn keeping alive, racial and religious suspicions, passions and bitterness, ruled upon, with every nation engaging its own selfishness, its own narrowness and bigotry, on the ground that other nations started it, are worse than they are, and that they are merely providing need self-protection for themselves.

So we find Russia, while teaching its farmers and workers how to build and use tractors, at the same time, while teaching its peasants millions of operation of tanks for use in war. We find democracy overthrown in Italy and a war-like dictatorship set up. Fearing each other the countries of Europe adopt policies the result of which is ruin to the agriculturists of Canada, the United States, and all of the great food exporting countries of the world. The United States and France guard all the gold in the world and store it away in vaults indifferent to the fact that thereby they bring financial ruin upon the world. Each nation is to outdo the other in the accumulation of armaments, and they have succeeded to the extent that tens of millions of men and women are thrown out of work.

It is a disheartening picture, and no one nation seems to have the courage to face it, grapple with it, make a break in the vicious circle, and attempt to cut the cords which are throttling and strangling mankind. Instead, the old, threadbare excuse is given and acted upon—the other fellow is doing it, he is to blame, and I must follow suit or be submerged.

If this attitude is maintained much longer, complete world collapse is inevitable. Conditions resulting are nothing but a botch in which anarchy thrives and grows apace. All the enemies of law and order, all the fanatics with pet and unground theories of their own, are preying upon the public in all countries, promising to create peace and happiness if only they are permitted to destroy everything now existing and which has been built up out of labor, the experience, the sufferings of the generations of the past.

It is the whole system of the world that is rotten, and the trouble is that nothing is so wrong as such statements. It is not the system that is wrong, although like all systems it must constantly change and improve in an ever-changing world to meet conditions as they too, change. No, the fault lies in the hearts and minds of people themselves. They do not maintain their old suspicions and dislikes of each other; they hate any race and language but their own; they scorn any religion but their own; each nation suffers either from fear of a superiority complex because one or the other is the predominant trait of character of the individual men and women who make up the nation. It is the individual view which finds expression in national policies.

Many of the politicians and statesmen of the world, the men chosen to direct national and international policies, realize the situation and yet they themselves would be able to accomplish much to remedy it and remove the danger which is imminent, but their people will not support them; the masses would sweep them aside to let others in their place to continue to insist upon policies of extreme narrow nationalism. It is their own suffering that is thus determined to maintain, and their ultimate undoing which they will bring about, unthinkingly, heedlessly, and from purely selfish motives.

## New Source Of Revenue

Enterprising saleswomen of London, England, combined pleasure with business this year by loading their cars with dresses and lingerie, which they sold to people in the rural districts during vacation trips. Two titled girls who started on a tour through Yorkshire sold out their stock within a week.

## Easy To Figure Out

"I suppose, like many other husbands you can't say your wife pays for her hat and dresses."

"Oh, yes, I can—too much."

"But joking aside, have you ever stopped to figure out how much your wife's clothing costs you?"

"It isn't necessary. I simply add my income to what I owe."

## All Her Children Were Troubled With Diarrhoea

Mr. J. J. Bickert, B.R. 1, Ensbury, B.C., writes: "I have been troubled with my children with diarrhoea, and was so 'laid' I did not know what to do. A friend told me to give them Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and I got a bottle, and after a couple of doses you should have seen the change. The children were now well again, and I am very thankful to your wonderful remedy. I find it the only one that relieves so easily and quickly."



## British Scientists Make Remarkable Discovery

## Flood Caterpillars Cause Of River Waters Turning Black

A remarkable discovery was made by British scientists in the Edinburgh and Oatland district of Kent and Surrey recently. Quite unaccountably, the waterways in this area were rapidly being turned black, and it was alleged that pollution from sewage farms was the cause.

As a result, the department of botany of the British Museum was invited to probe the mystery. Samples were taken from the streams at various points and analyzed, when the sewage farms were exonerated, as the same ingredients were present both above and below the outfalls. It was then noticed that paths and roadways alongside the streams, and overlying oak trees, were thickly covered with a sooty material consisting of partially digested leaves which had been devoured by millions of caterpillars of the green oak moth.

By a very odd coincidence, this substance, washed down by natural drainage, had combined chemically with the water, in the "black water," and the result was the manufacture of a natural ink.

This insect is quite capable of destroying an oak forest, but fortunately there is a natural check in the shape of a harmless fly known as the oaks, or little hawk fly, which preys on the adult moths and is thus of immense value in saving thousands of pounds worth of native timber.—Tit-Bits.

## World's Grain Show

## British Empire Farmers Co-Operative To Show At Regina

The Empire Farmers Co-Operative, Limited, will be represented both by exhibit space and by delegates to the World's Grain Exhibition conference opening at Regina in June next, according to a cablegram received from the executive office of the exhibition and conference.

The Right Hon. Lord Strathclyde, chairman, who with two of the directors of the Empire Farmers Co-Operative, expressed the opinion that an excellent opportunity is thus provided to meet, to confer with and to present the world's grain exhibition conference to all parts of the Empire. Exhibit space in the new grain hall at Regina has been booked for the organization.

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## Technical Education

## Explains Delay In Giving Effect To The Vocational Act

"Some delay has occurred in bringing the Vocational and Technical Education Act into effect by reason of the fact that the necessary regulations governing the act are still under consideration by the government," reads the communication explaining the status of this legislation from the Minister of Education, Mr. J. H. L. Macdonald, tabled in the House of Commons. The letter was dated last March, and was in answer to protests from the Alberta Education Trustees against the delay in giving effect to this 1931 legislation.

## Cost Of Direct Relief

## Per Capita Cost In Regina Is Given As \$7.50

The per capita cost of direct relief in Regina during the period from May, 1931, to April, 1932, for food, clothing and shelter, was \$7.50, according to information given recently by Hon. J. A. Mackenzie, Minister of Labor.

This figure which represents an expenditure of \$20,566.55, does not include administration costs, drug, medical attention or railway fares.

An Oil For All Men—The sailor, the soldier, the fisherman, the lumberman, the out-door laborer and all who are exposed to the elements will find in Dr. Thomas' Oil a true and faithful friend.

To ease pain, relieve colds, dress wounds, subdue humors and overcome rheumatism, it is excellent. Therefore, it should have a place in all first aid medicines and be amongst those taken on a journey.

When the Chinese New Year comes around, the Chinese make a point of paying their debts. Do they need further civilization?

At 422 degrees below zero some of the metals, such as silver and copper, lose their resistance to electricity and become super-conductors.

Boxing matches and motion pictures are now the preferred topics of amusement in Paris.

## All Children Benefit

From the body building and health promoting

SCOTT'S

EMULSION

of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

Rich in Vitamins A and D

Barley In Export Trade

Production Now Amounts To Nearly 150,000,000 Bushels A Year

The production of barley in Canada is rapidly increasing and now amounts to nearly 150,000,000 bushels a year. The principal uses for barley in the export market are: Feed for Livestock; Pot and Pearl Barley; Rolled Barley; Barley Flour and Barley Meal; Breakfast Flakes; Malt Food Products; Malt Coffee and Barley Coffee; Malt Flour; Malt Extract; Fermented Alcoholic and Non-Alcoholic Beverages; Distilled Alcoholic Beverages and Solvents; Industrial Alcohols; Malted Stock Food; and Yeast.

A special study of the particular needs of that section of the market which the producer seeks to serve, is essential to the satisfactory development of the export trade.—Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

## Street Named After Canadian Captain

Will Be Called Berthier

One Of Churchill's Thoroughfares

One of the streets of the new town-site to be opened at Churchill next year has been named after a living Canadian, Captain J. E. Berthier, of Levis, Que. He is the only Canadian now alive to be given this recognition in the building of Canada's new northern port on Hudson Bay. All the other streets have been named after explorers and navigators of the north lands long since departed.

Worms, by the irritation that they cause in the stomach and intestines, deprive infants of the nourishment that they should derive from food, and malnutrition is the result. Miller's Worm Powders destroy worms and correct the morbid conditions of the stomach and bowels that are favorable to worms, so that the full nutriment of the child is assured and development in every way encouraged.

## Trinkets Belonging To Edgar Wallace Sold

Several Things In Collection Bought

A collection of jewelry which belonged to the late Edgar Wallace, novelist, brought in a total of \$1250 in London. The sale was "by order of the receiver, Edgar Wallace administration." Mrs. Edgar Wallace brought several of the items for members of the family. An engraved gold cigarette case weighing about seven ounces brought \$175. A suite of cashmere and diamond square shawl and two studs sold for \$400 and a platinum watch for \$105.

Worms cause fretfulness and rob of infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Grace's Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

Have British Captains

Ninety per cent. of all Chinese ships have British captains and most of them are British registry with the union jack painted all over the side to warn pirates away.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is unrivalled for speedy relief in muscular rheumatism, lame back, inflammation, burns and felons.

Here's to the man who plans things—Builds things—makes things: Who prides on the record of his old Nor goods over ancestral gold. But takes off his coat and takes hold And does things?

When you stop growing at both ends and start in the middle you are an adult.

**ZIG-ZAG**  
CIGARETTE PAPERS  
LARGE DOUBLE BOOK  
120 LEAVES  
120 CIGARETTES  
AVOID IMITATIONS

W. N. U. 1066

## Life Is Dedicated

## To War Memorial

## Book Of Remembrance To Be Illuminated By Montreal Man

A five-year task of illuminating the Book of Remembrance which will contain the names of the 65,000 Canadian men and women who died overseas from August 1914 until the disbandment of the Canadian Expeditionary Force in 1922 is the life-work of William Purves, who exhibited a rough sample of the proposed Book in the McGill University Library here. The completed work will be placed in a specially-built vault in the Peace Memorial Tower in the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa.

"The work I am now engaged on is my life-work," said Mr. Purves when interviewed. "If I live the next five years to finish the job I shall feel that my life has not been spent in vain."

The Book of Remembrance containing 450 leaves of the finest calf vellum will be bound in purple Morocco leather, mounted on gold and engraved with the Canadian Coat of Arms. The 65,000 names will be inscribed by hand on the parchment of the work of several men, but 15 pages will be fully illuminated by Mr. Purves.

He intends to tell pictorially, year by year, the story of the war; for instance, the theme for 1914 will be the carrying of troops by the navy, for 1915, the pouring in of men from every province to their army, and so on. Mr. Purves also plans to work into his illuminated pages many authentic scenes showing the pleasures and pastimes of the men overseas.—Montreal Correspondent Canadian Press.

As the man or woman subject to asthma is indeed a victim, what can be more terrifying than to suddenly be seized with paroxysms of choking and gasping to fatally threaten the existence of life itself. From such a condition Dr. J. K. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought many to completely restored health and happiness. It is known and prized in every section of this broad land.

Unemployment Measures

Relief Facilities For Five Cities

A total of \$2,560,140 was disbursed to the cities of Vancouver, Calgary, Regina, Toronto and Quebec from last March to date under the government's unemployment and farm relief plan, according to a return tabled in the House of Commons. This sum was distributed in part in direct relief and in part through the various cities.

The totals for the various cities follow:  
Vancouver ..... \$ 772,484.13  
Calgary ..... 620,650.00  
Regina ..... 334,074.87  
Toronto ..... 1,006,713.84  
Quebec ..... 227,233.35

Most Study Japanese

The study of the Japanese language is made compulsory under new regulations announced for all primary schools in Peking province, of which Mukden is the capital. Similar regulations are being enforced throughout Manchuria.

Cambridge, England, is to have a new \$2,500,000 library building.

Smith—It must be nice to own a car.

Miller—I know it should be, but I've never enjoyed it. Either the car is being repaired, or else I am.

Three presidents of the United States—Martin Van Buren, Millard Fillmore and Theodore Roosevelt—were born in New York state.

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## Fit men win

Nothing lowers and depresses you more than the poison of unsuspected Ennui. Take Ennui every morning.

TAKE  
ENNUI  
FRUIT SALT

Discovery Will Aid Radium Production

Formula For Treatment Of Ore Developed At Ottawa

It is anticipated that as a result of the development of a formula for the treatment of Canadian pitchblende ore, production of radium in its commercial form can be carried out on a larger scale in Canada, with simpler processes and lower costs than anywhere else in the world.

"Fortunately for the new field, and fortunately for humanity, the Canadian process will permit as great, if not greater, percentage of recovery, involving a shorter time and less complicated operations than any of the known methods. I have every confidence that Canada not only will be able to supply our own needs for therapeutic, scientific and commercial purposes, but will be able to enter the world market in competition with any existing monopoly."

## Valveless Motor Drive For Boats

Vast Alterations In Engine Production Seen By Inventor

Invention of a valveless four-cylinder motor for boats is claimed at Indianapolis, by John Irvine, who says he worked eighteen years on the project. Irvine believes the invention may result in vast alterations in engine production.

Valveless motors of two cylinders are in use, according to Irvine, but four-cylinder engines failed because of sticking of cylinders. Irvine said he had overcome this difficulty and found his invention to be a success in several tests.

The motor is water-cooled and is capable of driving a small craft 40 miles an hour, according to its inventor.

Irvine said he believed that with a few additional improvements his motor could be adapted to aeroplanes and automobiles.

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Three presidents of the United States—Martin Van Buren, Millard Fillmore and Theodore Roosevelt—were born in New York state.

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## MAKE CHANGES IN OPERATION OF RAILWAYS

Ottawa, Ont.—The "Canadian National-Pacific Act of 1932," containing legislation designed to bring about far-reaching changes in the operation and conduct of the Dominion's transportation system, was introduced in the senate recently by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, government leader.

Following the recommendations contained in the report of the royal commission on railways and transportation, of which Mr. Justice Lyman P. Duff, of the Supreme Court of Canada, was chairman, the act is divided into three parts.

Part one deals with reorganization of the Canadian National system. It provides for replacement of the board of directors by three trustees, one of which, the chairman, will devote his full time to the work, and whose salary will be set by the senate.

The trustees will have full power to control the Canadian National without consultation with the shareholders or with the government, and will appoint managing officers, including a president, who will be responsible only to the trustees.

Part two deals with co-operation between the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific and orders that the two systems take whatever steps are desirable to eliminate, consistently with the proper handling of traffic, unnecessary, wasteful or uneconomical services, to avoid duplication of services, and to make joint use of facilities wherever advisable. No authority for any amalgamation of companies is given.

Part three sets up a tribunal to deal with the disagreements between the two systems. This body will be composed of the chairmen of the boards of the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific.

In disputes of major importance either company may ask the president of the Exchequer Court of Canada to appoint two additional members to the tribunal. In the event of any conflict between the two boards of railway commissioners and the tribunal, the order or decision of the tribunal shall prevail. Appeal from its judgment will be to the Supreme Court of Canada.

## Earl of Bessborough Celebrates Birthday

Canada's Governor-General Passes Fifty-Second Milestone

Ottawa, Ont.—Born on October 27, 1880, the Earl of Bessborough, Governor-General of Canada, has celebrated his 52nd birthday. Birthday congratulations were extended to his excellency from all parts of the Dominion and from many distant lands in which he is widely known.

The Earl of Bessborough is the ninth holder of a title which dates back almost 200 years to 1789, when the first Earl of Bessborough was created. He succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1920.

Montreal Bandits Make Haul  
Montreal, Que.—A swiftly executed hold-up secured for three unnamed men the sum of \$12,000 in cash, and bonds valued at \$1,500, when they swooped down on a branch of La Banque Canadienne Nationale, on Cherrier Street, locked the manager and five employees in the vault, scooped up the money and escaped.

Says Capitalist System Fails  
Toronto, Ont.—The capitalist system has fallen and changes must be made to meet conditions—but the changes must be made in an orderly fashion, without violence or haste. This is the conclusion of Sir Norman Angell, M.P., famous student of international politics and former journalist.

No Offer Made  
Ottawa, Ont.—The lake known as "Garibaldi Park," in British Columbia, has not been offered to the Canadian Government on any terms, the House of Commons was advised in reply to a question asked by A. E. Munro, (Cons., Vancouver North). The question was answered by Sir George Price, Minister without portfolio.

Air services between Haiti and Kingston, Jamaica, have just been inaugurated.

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## Canada Assured Of Large Lumber Market

But Full Advantage Cannot Be Taken

Ottawa, Ont.—Assured of a large potential market for lumber in the United Kingdom under the new trade treaty with that country, Canada will not be able to take full advantage of it for from three to five years.

This statement was given the House of Commons by one of the leading operators of northern Ontario and the chairman of the committee which represented the Canadian lumber industry at the imperial economic conference, George M. Nicholson (Cons., Algoma East).

It was one of two conflicting views on the effect of the treaty on the lumber industry given the House in the course of the debate on ratification of the treaty.

A. W. Hill, (Ind., Conn.-Atherton), said the lumber preference would be of no value to Canada because Scandinavian countries, operating on depreciated currencies, could still undersell Canada.

Mr. Nicholson said the potential market for Canadian lumber obtained would amount to more than 1,000,000,000 board feet. The British market at the moment, was saturated with lumber from Russia and central Europe and Canadian lumber did not have sufficient stock on hand to satisfy the British market.

## Oil Company Withdraws

Montreal Firm Decides To Drop Russian Barter Scheme

Montreal, Que.—One party to the three-cornered aluminum products deal has decided to withdraw from the transaction. Joseph Ellis, a director of LaSalle Petroleum Refinery Company, has announced his company will not accept further shipments of oil.

"There seems to have been some dissatisfaction about the whole deal," Ellis said. He did not, he said, wish to be involved "with any more of the business."

Ottawa, Ont.—Complaints in connection with the quality of the Soviet oil imported recently into Canada are being investigated, the Prime Minister told Hon. Ian Mackenzie (Lib., Vancouver Centre), in the House of Commons.

## Loss Trade Advantage

Irish Free State Will Not Receive Benefit Of Preference After November 15

London, England.—The Irish Free State will lose the advantage of imperial preference in the United Kingdom on November 15, J. H. Thomas, Dominions Secretary, told House of Commons.

On that date, he explained, preference granted goods from the Dominion under last year's tariff act will expire, and as the Free State failed to conclude any trade agreement with the United Kingdom at the Ottawa economic conference its exports to Great Britain will be accorded no preference.

## Indian Terrorists

Disease-Infected Natives Said To Be Used On European Gains

London, England.—The Exchange Telegraph Agency's Calcutta correspondent reported that political terrorists in India are using disease-infected needles in attacking European and Anglo-Indian office girls en route between their offices and homes.

Thirteen cases of such attacks already have been reported, the correspondent said.

## To Discuss Tariffs

Ottawa, Ont.—Liberal members and senators met in caucus to set up committees to study individual tariff schedules affected by the Canada-United Kingdom Trade Treaty. The tariff schedules will be reviewed individually by the House of Commons after the treaty as a whole has been ratified.

## Thought It Was a Gas Station

Ott. Ont.—A joke in a job but when motorists add injury—that is, but for instance, William Muhall, Detroit, for instance, passed through the village of Birch at 92 miles per hour. When he appeared in court he declared he thought the village was a gas station. He was fined \$5 and costs.

## Depression Hits Shippers

London, England.—The annual report of Lloyd's register on shipping reported that the world's shipping had had up 15,000,000 tons or the equivalent of 20 per cent of the world's total shipping.

## Russian Plan Is Ahead Of Last Year

But Increase Planned For 1937 Not Half Reached

Moscow, Russia.—Assured of the first five-year plan only a little more than two months off, official figures published showed that Russia's industry as a whole accomplished less than half the increase planned for 1932, but still is running considerably ahead of last year.

The country's entire industrial production for the first eight months of this year, including heavy and light industry, timber and food industries, reached a combined average of 14.9 per cent above the same period of 1931, as compared with a scheduled increase of 36 per cent for the whole year of 1932.

## Preparatory Conference

Conference To Negotiate Russo-Jap Treaty Is Called

Tokyo, Japan.—A preparatory conference to negotiate a non-aggression treaty between the Soviet Russian and Japanese Governments will be held here, the News Service Nippon Dempo said.

Count Makino Uchida, Japanese foreign minister, conferred with Premier Makoto Saito and Sadao Araki, war minister, regarding the treaty. After hearing Ambassador Koki Hirota's report on the Russian attitude, Uchida ordered his office to start preparations for the treaty.

## WORK TO BE PROVIDED FOR THE UNEMPLOYED

Ottawa, Ont.—Public undertakings such as sewers and waterworks, to an amount running between \$11,000,000 and \$12,000,000 will be completed in various municipalities throughout Canada up to the end of December, as a measure of unemployment relief.

Road construction will be carried out in Nova Scotia, Ontario, Manitoba and Alberta. Relief camps will be operated in the prairie provinces. Additional families will be placed on farms in eight of the nine provinces.

In the west the plan of boardman on farms, with the farmer receiving \$5 per month and the boarder a similar sum, of which the Dominion Government will pay 50 per cent, will be continued. Work will be undertaken in the national parks and by the department of national defence in the establishing of emergency landing fields.

The amount of money granted by order-in-council to the Minister of the Interior for work which is to be carried out this winter in the national parks of Canada is \$200,000, according to the terms of the order-in-council tabled in the House of Commons. The money takes care of homeless single men.

"I am confident no one in this country is without the necessities provided with food, clothing and shelter this winter," Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, informed Hon. Ian Mackenzie (Lib., Vancouver Centre), in the House of Commons.

## BRITISH JOBLESS CONVERGE ON LONDON



It is understood from the British Home Office that communitarian organizations are responsible for the attempt of an army of unemployed men to disrupt the Parliamentary session which is at present in progress. Above is a good photo of the Mother Parliament, while inset is Premier MacDonald, who is endeavouring to overcome what might be a serious disturbance.

## ARCHBISHOP WORRELL

Shaw, Dean of Agriculture, at the quarterly meeting of the Saskatchewan Board of Trade.

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## Noted Economist Resigns

Sir Walter Layton Leaves Committee Of World Conference

London, England.—Sir Walter Layton, noted economist, announced his resignation from the preparatory committee of the world economic conference because of a "serious difference of opinion" between himself and the British Government.

He said he had differed with Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, on "what further action is required in order to restore reasonable freedom to the movement of international trade."

Sir Walter said that the government view that the desired result can be obtained through individual negotiations with foreign countries within limits set by the Ottawa agreements and subject to strict insistence on most favored nation rights will be successful.

## Scottish Parliament

No Benefit To Be Gained By Asking For House Rule

London, England.—Scottish Conservative members of the House of Commons decided not to support any bill for home rule in the northern half of the United Kingdom.

At a meeting held under the chairmanship of Sir Robert Horne, a former Chancellor of the Exchequer, they reached the conclusion no benefit could be obtained by setting up a Scottish parliament.

## Tea Consumption In Canada

Montreal, Que.—Canadians drink four pounds of tea per capita annually, two-thirds as much as Englishmen and half as much as Australians and New Zealanders and about five times as much as people in the United States, according to T. Reid, of the Ceylon Association, who is returning to England after making a survey of the Canadian market for tea.

## Short Rail Haul

H.B. Route Offers Decided Advantages For Shipping Cattle To Britain

Saskatoon, Sask.—The short rail haul from the prairies to Churchill makes the Hudson Bay route most advantageous for the shipping of cattle to the British market, was the opinion expressed by Professor J. M. Shaw, dean of agriculture, at the quarterly meeting of the Saskatchewan Board of Trade. "The navigation season opens too late to permit of large movement of grain fed cattle," he said, "but affords rapid and profitable outlet for grass fed prairie beef."

Dean Shaw was of the opinion that cross-bred cattle, developed through experiments carried out by the University of Saskatchewan, made it possible for Canadian packers to compete with Argentine in the chilled meat market in Great Britain.

## Federal Aid Requested

Regina, Sask.—Dominion assistance in bearing part of the carrying charges for the Regina municipal airport will be sought by City Commissioner R. J. Westgate, who has gone east.

Mr. Westgate will be absent from Regina for a few days. During that time he will attend a meeting of the Anglican Church in Toronto and will visit Ottawa on civic business.

It has been the claim of the city that the airport was developed to its present state because of the air mail service. Since this service has been discontinued, the port is no longer revenue producing and the contention that of the fixed charges the Dominion Government should assume part.

## Provinces Will Be Aided

Federal Government Promises Help

Ottawa, Ont.—The government is not in a position to make any exact pronouncement or policy respecting unemployment relief, but any responsible provincial government should request their inability to care for the needy within their jurisdiction the government will take "adequate action," Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, told the House of Commons.

## FAIRNESS TO ALL IN PENITENTIARY INVESTIGATION

Ottawa, Ont.—Local radicals planned a demonstration on parliament hill in connection with the visit of 10 relatives and friends of the Communists confined in Portsmouth penitentiary, according to notices posted here.

A sweeping investigation was under way in Portsmouth, the penitentiary, fairness being meted out to all, and so far there had been no development indicating the necessity of a public hearing. High Court Judge, Minister of Justice, said to 15 members of the Canadian Defence League who waited upon him. The party was refused admission.

"If a situation develops," the Minister told the delegation, "that calls for a general or open inquiry, I will be prepared to consider it. At the present time I see no reason for such an inquiry."

With a suggestion of Edward Brimley, Toronto, that the riots at the institution "were strikes, the same as the strikes of any industrial workers," the Minister of Justice disagreed, holding them more in the line of revolts.

The eight incarcerated Toronto Communists were styled "Political Prisoners" by the delegation, who were entitled to special treatment. "We have no political prisoners in Canada," the Minister of Justice declared. "Anyone can hold any political ideas he may like as long as he stays within the law. We have no political prisoners in Canada."

No discrimination whatever would take place at the institution in regard to the eight Communists, Mr. Guthrie stated. "No favor or no discrimination will be shown to any prisoner during the inquiry."

"These statements are being taken down by a competent stenographer and will be forwarded to me from day to day," the Minister declared. No copies had reached him yet.

When the conditions became known, the Minister said he personally would see that the visits of relatives to the prisoners would be resumed.

## MANY INJURED IN BOISTEROUS RIOTS IN LONDON

London, England.—Two thousand hunger marchers, converging on London from all parts of the island, reached their goal in Hyde Park, traditional home of free speech, and precipitated the most boisterous riot London has seen in years. A score were hurt, some requiring hospital treatment.

Singing revolutionary songs, the hunger marchers swung through London traffic, behind the banner of the Communist hammer and sickle. Up to the Marble Arch which leads into the park from Great Cumberland Place they marched through lines of mounted police.

A squadron of police moved their horses to prevent the march. Somebody threw a brick through a post office window. It was the signal for battle. Men and women in the mob screamed defiance at the police. The mounted men charged and the mob fell back, only to form again. Bricks and stones whizzed past the policemen's heads. Dozens of windows were broken. The rioters pulled down trees from the trees in the park and tore up the park railings as weapons.

When the shouting and the tumult of the riot was at its height, mobs formed inside the park and threatened the police from the rear. For a time it looked as though things might get out of hand. The police, however, had made elaborate preparations for just such a case and they were ready. But it took an hour to subdue the rioters.

At the beginning of the trouble the crowd inside the park, around 50,000, had been entirely peaceful. Two dozen or more soap boxes had been set up and from these the orators ranted against the conditions of the jobs. Most of their condemnation was directed against the "means tests."

The demonstration was the climax of a nation-wide gathering. Two thousand of the unemployed, the unemployed and the goal was the famous park in the city's heart where the 2,000 demonstrators, augmented by many thousands of Londoners, had planned to protest the "means test."

Approximately 5,000 police mounted and on foot, were assigned to special duty for the occasion, demonstrating hand to hand taken such elaborate precautions to avoid a demonstration by the workers.

Police van motors, wireless equipped, and motorcycle squads kept headquarters in touch with the demonstrators and contingents of marchers, as if the whole business were a battle manoeuvre.

A drizzle and chill wind, which the marchers have long since become accustomed, failed to dampen the ardor of the various contingents as they moved in from the rim of London with red flags flying.

## British Preference

Ruling Made Regarding Canadian Shipments To Britain Via U.S.

Ottawa, Ont.—Canadian goods being shipped to the United Kingdom will receive the British preference if consigned directly from Canada to Great Britain, whether they pass through the United States or not. Canadian goods consigned to the United States and then re-exported to the United Kingdom will not receive the preference. Premier R. B. Bennett made this explanation of the British tariff regulations in the House of Commons.

British Dominion commissioners have to have proof that the transit has been uninterrupted before the preference is granted.

## Lindbergh's Son Named

New York.—The World-Telegram says that the second son of Col. and Mrs. Charles A. Lindbergh has been named Jon Morrow Lindbergh. The Jon was chosen for a Scandinavian forbear of Col. Lindbergh's. Morrow is Mrs. Lindbergh's maiden name.

## Cyclone Hits New Zealand

Auckland, N.Z.—A cyclone left a trail of destruction many miles long and about 200 miles wide in the Auckland district. Buildings were razed, roofs torn off, trees uprooted and general havoc wrought. There were no deaths or serious injuries.

## Big Terminal Elevator

Victoria, B.C.—The mile grain is pouring into the Ogden Point elevator of the Alberta Wheat Pool, the 1,000-bushel capacity will soon be filled. There is a total of approximately 200,000 bushels of grain in the elevator at the present time.





# British Museum Has Most Amazing Collection Of Old Newspapers Ever Assembled

Can you imagine coming downstairs one morning, getting your newspaper from the crumpled and over your grape fruit reading as current news that for the first time in history a locomotive had run on rails drawing 18 coaches at the staggering speed of 12 miles per hour?

The British Museum has just opened a new branch for the storing of its collection of newspapers, the most amazing collection in the world. In this new building is housed a copy of every newspaper—British, Dominion and foreign—published since the year 1800.

The enormous output of literature of every kind has made this new building a necessity. The British Museum endeavours to obtain a copy of every book printed, from multiplication tables and bedtime stories to the human Epics of Elmer M. Dell and the novels of Elton Gray. There was no room for both books and newspapers so the latter have been given a new home.

The new building is located at Colindale, near Hendon, some 10 or 12 miles from the Museum in London, and built with brick veneer and cost over £300,000. It already contains 275,000 bound volumes of newspapers weighing 30,000 tons. They occupy 14 miles of shelves. There is still room to absorb the world's output of newspapers for the next 50 years.

The reading room is 87 by 30 feet with sitting room and ample desk accommodation for 50 readers. The work of binding is done on the premises by the museum staff.

The building is open to the public. Admission is free to the museum and a ticket of admission obtained. Armed with this, anyone can walk in, fill up a form and in a remarkably short space of time any newspaper reported is laid before him.

It is an indescribable experience to read as red-hot news what all once had to learn laboriously as history. These papers go back to the Battle of Trafalgar and beyond; the escape of Napoleon from the island of Elba; Waterloo, the abolition of slavery throughout British and later, American territory; the rise and fall of the Fourth, William of the name regional number, Victoria the Good and Edward VII; the crossing of the Atlantic by the first steamer, the ironclads of a thousand and one miscellaneous things which come to mind today; the institution of penny postage, Franklin's ill-fated expedition to the Arctic, the proclamation of a republic in France, wars by the score.

From a historical viewpoint probably these newspapers have little value, history being a matter of perspective, but at least they do portray current thought at the time events which have since become history were actually taking place. What a tragedy they do not go back further still. Think of the thrill of reading, say, the news of the death of Cleopatra.

"Queen of Egypt" succides. Famous beauty succumbs to asp bite"—would make telling headlines.

Then the lethal Inconceivable in her grief at the death of Anthony, Cleopatra decided to end her life. Dismissing her servants and accompanied only by her favorite asp she retired to her couch. She was found later by a servant who gave the alarm. The court physician diagnosed the case of death as make-bite.

The paper's medical correspondent would then describe for the benefit of the uninformed, the precise effect of a bite in the bosom. Alas there is no such newspaper in existence.

But the collection of newspapers which is gathered here must cause politicians a lot of uneasiness. They are always confronted with what they said in a moment of exasperation or in the days before they turned their political coats inside-out.

There is no point in the question as to what Gladstone said in '84. The answer is on file. Gladstone, being dead, can never claim to have been mis-reported.

## Record Sugar Beet Crop

The largest crop on record, the yield of sugar beets grown this year in the province of Alberta, Canada, is estimated at nearly 130,000 tons from which about 50,000,000 pounds of sugar will be produced with several hundred tons of molasses.

Mountain peaks are classed as the fairest and wisest of Rocky Mountain game.

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## PRIEST RUNS A TOTE CLUB



A tote club organized by a Roman Catholic priest, Father Charles, of St. Ann's Church, in the heart of London's dockland, has a membership of 1,200, including 200 women. Father Charles considers betting a legitimate pastime, and as nearly all the members back horses and dogs, he wishes them to get as fair a chance as possible. The profits will be used to pay for the club first and later to improve their social life. Father Charles is shown at the Tote window paying out.

## Prairie Wheat Crop

Bank of Montreal Report Places Yield At 115,000,000 Bushels

Taken as a whole, the principal feed crops of Canada have seldom attained such total volume as during the present season or been of a higher quality. Yields were generally satisfactory in each of the provinces, despite sectional reverses due to weather conditions or other causes. A preliminary estimate of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics placed the total yield of wheat in the prairie provinces at 146,000,000 bushels but from latest reports a total of around 150,000,000 bushels is now anticipated. Even so, the yield is well in excess of the ten-year average and the largest crop since 1925.

Last year's prairie crop was approximately 300,000,000 bushels. The wheat marketed to date has graded exceptionally high and tests indicate that the high protein content will be maintained. The western crop is estimated at 274,000,000 bushels against 183,700,000 bushels last year and the barley crop at 70,000,000 bushels as compared with 50,500,000 bushels.

## Severe Test For Firemen

Milan Brigade Called Out To Stop Flood Of Molten Glass

The ingenuity of the Milan "Fire Brigade" was put to a severe test when firemen were called out to stop a flood of molten glass.

One of the sides of a huge furnace tank in a glass factory suddenly gave way and immediately the whole floor of the factory became flooded with liquid glass.

The workmen all managed to escape, but could not stop the flow from the furnace and the transparent lava spread to the doorway, into the street, and down stairs to the cellars of the factory.

The fire brigade sent for large supplies of ice, with which the firemen solidified the creeping margins of the glass. They then turned to the seething bulk itself, hose it with cool water, and gradually made it all solid.

Next day, with the factory very much under glass, the second phase of the work was begun—the liberation with pick and hammer of the densely encased premises.

Workmen's jackets and other personal belongings were visible in the glass as if preserved in ice.

## Collectors Seek First Air Mail Envelope

French Group Willing To Pay Millions For It

A first offer of one million francs has been posted by a group of French stamp collectors for the first envelope ever carried by air mail, provided the envelope can be found and its authenticity proved.

The first air mail consisted of a single envelope carried aloft by a Frenchman, Jean-Pierre Blanchard, on Aug. 1, 1793, from Paris to Bristol, given court yard to prove the military and commercial possibilities of balloons.

The first letter bore the signature of Washington, addressing goodwill to the American citizens. After a flight of 45 minutes, the balloon landed at Woodbury, N.J., and the Washington air-mail letter was delivered to the mayor.

This flight is a matter of historical record. If found the envelope will be officially recognized as being the first air mail letter.

## Little Things To Fight

Simple Measures Can Be Taken To Control Internal Parasites In Animals

Dr. Lionel Stevenson, Provincial Zoologist for Ontario, in a recent review of work being done in connection with the control of internal parasites of animals stated that those which are the principal cause of concern in the livestock industry are comparatively few.

Of these he named six principal internal parasites in sheep, two in swine, two in cattle, three in horses, two in poultry, and five in fur-bearing animals. In the case of most of these parasites it is possible to check their ravages by simple control measures—Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

## Knew What He Had

He had dined well, but unwisely. At last the time came for him to go home.

In the street he approached a policeman.

"Officer," he said falteringly. "I'm looking for a parking place."

The policeman looked hard at him.

"But you've no car, sir," he said.

"Oh, yes I have," said the reveler.

"It's in the parking-place I'm looking for."

# Eight Points The Careful Driver Will Observe In Order To Decrease Motor Accidents

## Fur Auction

Collection Of Arctic Timber-Wolf Skins Sold In Winnipeg

A collection of 283 Arctic timber-wolf skins was sold by auction in Winnipeg recently, the outstanding feature of the Dominion Fur Auction Company's October sale of raw furs. The skins were the property of the Dominion Government and on each one of them a bounty of \$50 had been paid to the trapper regardless of its size or quality. A substantial portion of the pelts had been taken from small pups and the average price realized was consequently lowered considerably.

Prices ranged all the way from 25 cents for small damaged skins up to \$20.50 for large sizes of good quality. The collection averaged \$11.

A collection of late-captured beaver ranged between \$11 and \$17.50 and averaged \$8.55 unchanged to five per cent. higher than the prices realized in August. Cross country unchanged to \$1.80 for badly rubbed skins up to 40 dollars for good specimens.

The musk collection was very springy and prices realized were not representative. The range was 25 cents up to \$5.00. Red foxes were in poor demand and mostly bought back. Muskrats were all bought back.

White foxes brought around \$18 for ones and twos with average Mackenzie River and Chesterfield lake furs bringing from \$16 to \$16.75, unchanged to the August level.

Market advanced 10 per cent., ranging up to \$21.50 and averaging \$10.50. There was in poor demand and sold unchanged, the range being from \$2 to \$16.

A collection of 2,500 weasel attracted fair demand, advancing about five per cent. Prices ranged from 25 cents up to 85 cents and averaged 30 cents for the skins sold.

Ordinary wolves declined about 10 per cent., ranging from \$8.25 down to \$2.75 and averaging \$5.00—Manitoba Free Press.

## Making Air Travel Popular

Sweden's Aerotransport Company Find Ways To Stimulate Business

In spite of the depression there has been an increase of about 50 per cent. in the number of passengers on Sweden's continental air lines during the first six months of this year according to a statement by Captain Florman, the head of the Swedish Aerotransport Company. About 75 per cent. of the passengers are business men who are attracted by the saving of time in travel and by the safety and regularity of the aerial traffic. The former time of transit between Malmö and Paris, eleven hours, was this year reduced to seven hours, and will next year be further reduced to about five hours, thanks to the fact that lunch will be served in the planes to eliminate the previous luncheon interval at Amsterdam.

Other novel features are the facility for the passengers to send private radio messages while in the air and the introduction next year of special night planes with sleeping accommodation for the passengers.

As a further stimulant to the interest in using the air lines the Aerotransport Company has now reduced the fares of the Baltic Air Express by 25 per cent. on the Malmö-Paris stretch, so that the cost approximately corresponds to the second class railway fare.

## Trade With France

Negotiations for a new trade treaty between Canada and France are expected to open shortly. Hon. C. H. Cahan, secretary of state in the Dominion Government, returns from Geneva soon, where he was Canada's delegate to the League, and it is anticipated preliminary conversations will begin then. French authorities are understood to be favorable.

## Germany Says Her Role

The largest market for Canadian eels, states a report of the Department of Trade and Commerce, is in Germany where considerable quantities are shipped annually. A cargo of 30,000 pounds of eels, the second largest shipment this season, has started the trade for the present season.

The smallest fog particles have been measured at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. It was found that 25,000 of them could be placed on the head of a pin.

Motor vehicle officials in Massachusetts are convinced that there are eight big points of difference between drivers who do not have accidents and those whose records are beset with mishaps.

They believe if all drivers could be made to realize that these eight accident factors are the primary ones, and that if they both knew what they were and how to avoid them, the traffic safety situation would be bettered enormously.

That is why they devote two months every year at the height of the travel season to the especially strict enforcement of these eight "thou shalt nots" with the idea of educating drivers to their importance. The campaign is more, then, than a sporadic period of rigorous enforcement.

It might be interesting for the average motorist to sit down with a pencil before reading the list of misapp factors and see how many of the violating drivers in what order he places them. They have not been selected by chance but on the basis of a thorough study of traffic mistakes over a long period of years. The list follows:

Driving too fast for conditions.

Passing another vehicle going in the same direction when the view ahead is obstructed.

Failure to keep to the right of the vehicle.

Failure to slow down for intersections.

Failure to slow down when approaching pedestrians.

Failure to observe the law regarding stopping for street cars taking on or discharging passengers.

Overriding of traffic control devices, signs, signals and stop lights.

Dangerous and improper parking, as on curves and corners.

The eight points might well be taken by any motorist anywhere as his guide to an accidentless driving experience. They have stood for the elimination of self-education, it is doubtful that he could find a better point of beginning than that of learning just what careless, heedless, or reckless manifestation in traffic is likely to lead him to trouble.

He could make enormous headway in improving his safety were he to realize the full meaning of only the first point, that of driving too fast for conditions. There never has been an accident tabulation or analysis which did not rank this as the most serious breach against the canons of safe operation. Even the most liberal-minded motor vehicle officials, who have stood for the elimination of all maximum speed limit laws, enter no demurrer to this indictment of speed.

Therefore, if the car operator wants to be safe as far as the Massachusetts eight points are concerned, his procedure is to decide to use his intelligence at all times in selecting his speed and to obey the law with respect to the other seven qualifications of a careful operator.

## May Investigate Coal Prices

Canadian Fuel Board Has Been Requested To Act

The Canadian fuel board has been requested by Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Mines, to enquire into and prepare a memorandum of the facts on coal prices in Canada. Official attention to this effect was made by the minister.

Action is being taken on recent suggestions that coal prices were somewhat high. The question engaged the attention of the senate recently when Hon. H. A. Gordon suggested the senate might undertake inquiry into this matter.

In the senate, the question of coal prices was raised when Hon. C. H. Cahan called attention to an article in a Toronto newspaper which had alleged the existence of a coal combine in British anthracite.

It is believed in love at first sight—I have experienced it myself ten times lately!—Luigi Kluge, Leipzig.

## The Canning Season

Thrifty Housewife Will Store Away Fruits and Vegetables For Winter Use

A timely suggestion comes from the Dominion Fruit Branch at Ottawa in the form of a message which has a real appeal to housewives all over Canada, whether in the farm home or in the city. We all know the difficult straits in which many of our fellow citizens find themselves as a result of conditions entirely beyond their control.

With a wealth of fruits and vegetables available at low or prices than for many years, and with other necessary things such as sugar and condiments equally available, there should be no need to elaborate about a ready response to the appeal "Just can a little more, if you can, when you can."

## Mystery Chest Opened

Left By Bishop Has Mocked Impudent For 22 Years

The "mystery chest" left by the famous "heretic" Bishop Coleman with instructions that it should not be inspected until the last member of his family has died, has at last been opened.

For 22 years the chest stood in St. Mary's church at Marlborough, Natal, S.A., mocking the impudent.

Government and church officials crowded around when it was opened. Only an ant's nest and a piece of red cloth were found inside.

## Winnipeg Newspaper Union

WHAT NEW YORK IS WEARING (By Helen Williams)

Illustrated Dressmaking Lesson Patterns

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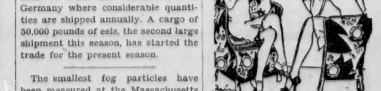
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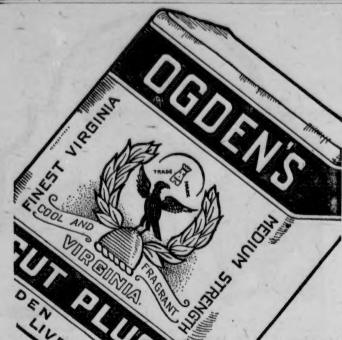
LITTLE JONES (see below): "You run a great risk, my man, soliciting alms. How do you know you are not addressing the Chief Constable of the city?"—London Opinion.



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Contains all the  
qualities of a really  
good tobacco.

If you "roll your own," an Ogden's fine cut  
and Chantrel cigarette papers.

## THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

—BY—  
MARGARET FEELER

Author of  
"The Spirit of the House,"  
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XXXVII.—Continued

Both girls had their 'premiers de jeunesses' served to them in their rooms, so that each one's morning mail was an unknown quantity to the other until they met downstairs.

"From Lady Anne," Jean looked interested. "What does she say?"

"She says—she writes—"" Here Claire bounded and came to a stop as though uncertain how to proceed, the little puzzled frown deepening between her brows. "Oh, Jean, she had a special reason for writing—some news—"

Jean's arm, hanging slackly at her side, jerked suddenly, something in Claire's half-frightened, deprecating air sent a thrill of foreboding through her. Her heart turned to ice within her.

"News?" she said in a harsh, strangled voice. "Tell me quick—what is it?"—Blaise? Her's not—dead?"

Her face, drained of every drop of colour, her suddenly pinched nostrils and eyes stricken with quick fear drew a swift cry from Claire.

"No—not!" she exclaimed in hasty reassurance. "It's good news! Good news—not bad!"

Jean's trust muscles relaxed and she leaned against the wall as though seeking support.

"You frightened me," she said dully. "Good news? That it can't be for me. What is it, Claire? Is Nick?"

**SITUATION VACANT—FEMALE**

LADIES WANTED TO DO LIGHT sewing at home; good pay; work sent charges paid; National Manufacturing Co., Dept. 84, Montreal.

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Apply your feet to these shoes and you will find them the most comfortable and durable shoes ever made. They are made of a special material which stretches to fit your feet and then returns to its original shape. They are made in a variety of styles and colors. Write to: Mr. J. H. Hamilton, 1000 Avenue A, Winnipeg, for full particulars.

**DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS**

FOR HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION.

W. N. U. 1966

dead, and de Chassaigne dying. He did just strength enough to concede to Blaise all that I have written. I am writing to you, because I think it might come as too great a shock to Jean as you say she is still so far from strong. You must tell her—"

Jean interrupted the reading with a shout of laughter.

"Oh, Claire! Claire! You blessed infant! I remark upon those preliminary remarks of yours about a letter from Lady Anne and the news it contained were by way of preparing me for the shock—breaking the news! In fact?"

"Yes," admitted Claire, flushing a little.

Jean rocked with laughter—gay, spontaneous laughter such as Claire had not heard issue from her lips since the day when Madame de Varigny had come to Staple.

"And you just about succeeded in frightening me to death!" continued Jean. "Oh, Claire, Claire, you adorable little news-giver, didn't you know that good news never kills?"

"I didn't feel at all sure," returned Claire, laughing a little, too, in spite of herself. "You've looked lately as though it wouldn't take very much of anything—good or bad to kill you."

"Well, it would," Jean assured her solemnly. "Not all the powers of darkness would prevail against me. I verily believe." She paused, frowning a little.

"How beastly it is, though, to feel outrageously happy because someone is dead! It's indecent. Poor little Nesta! Oh, Claire! It is hateful of me to feel like this! Do say it, please—because I can't help feeling."

"Of course it isn't," protested Claire. "It's only natural."

"I suppose it is. And I really am sorry for Nesta—though I'm so happy myself that it sort of swamps Oh, Claire darling!—the shadow passing and sheer gladness of soul bubbling up again into her voice—"I'm bound to kiss someone—at once! I'll have to be you! And look! Those Amy may be here any moment—Lady Anne's here! I'm going to have a beautiful—oh, I can! I wish I hadn't grown so thin! The most ravishing frock in the world would look a failure draped on a clothes-horse. Still, I'll do what I can to conceal from Blaise the hideous ravages of time. And I'm not used to wear black—I won't welcome him back in sackcloth and ashes! I won't! I won't! I've got the darlingest frock upstairs—a tiny grey thing like the moonlight. I'm going to wear that. I know—I know—sorry—that Glyn would not—"

And if he knew anything at all about it—and one would like to think he did—it is quite certain Peterson would have approved his choice of dress. For to his incurably romantic spirit, the idea of a woman going to meet her lover of whom a malign fate had so recently robbed her, together, clad in the sable habiliments with which she had paid little tribute to her father's death, would have seemed a most incongruous and irreconcilable.

So that when at last a prehistoric vehicle, chartered from the inn of the Green Dragon in the village below, tottered slowly up the hill to Beinfels and Blaise and Nick climbed down from its musty interior, a slender moon-grey figure, which might have been observed standing within the

Jean's eyes filling with tears, Claire watched the gradual realization of the amazing truth dawn in Jean's face. That face so tragically worn, so faded and spiritualized by suffering, glowed with a new light; a glory of unimaginable hope lit itself in the tired golden eyes, and on the half-parted lips there seemed to quiver those lines which still waited to be clarified.

Jean passed her hand across her eyes like one who has seen some bright light of surpassing radiance.

"Tell me, Claire," she said at last, tremblingly. "Tell me—" She broke off, unable to manage her voice.

"Tell me what, Lady Anne?" she asked. "Poor Nesta! One cannot help feeling sorry for her—killed so suddenly and so tragically. And yet such a death seems dead in the picture with her lowliness, wayward nature."

She was shot, Claire, said at last, tremblingly. "Tell me—" She broke off, unable to manage her voice.

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shadow of a tall stone pillar and following with straining eyes the steady progress of the old-fashioned carriage up the steep white road, flitted swiftly back into the shelter of the house. Claire, dimpling and smiling at the great gateway of the castle, alone received the travellers.

"Go along that corridor," she said to Blaise, whom they had exchanged greetings. "To the end door of all. That's the sun-parlour. You'll find Jean there." She thought it appropriate—smiling at him.

Then, as Blaise strode down the corridor indicated, she turned to Nick and asked him for an adorable son-in-law, who he, too, had come to Beinfels!

"I've heard it in the House of Dreams-Come-True!" replied Nick promptly. "It seemed a likely place in which to find you, most beautiful."

Claire beamed at him.

"Oh, and I that—really, Nick?"

"Of course you are. The most beautiful in all the world. Claire!"—luckily her arm into hers—"tell me how is the soul-rebuilding process getting on? that's why I came, really, you know, to find out if you had completely finished redecorating your interior—I can vouch for the outer woman myself—with an adoring glance at the fluffy ash-blond hair and pure little Grecian profile."

Claire rubbed her cheek against his sleeve. To a woman who has been for four months limited almost exclusively to the society of one other woman—this—the rough 'feel' of a man's coat-sleeve (more particularly if he should happen to be the man) and the faint fragrance of tobacco which he had so recently inhaled—was a delicious combination.

Claire halted down her flag precipitously.

"I'm ready to go back to England any time now, Nick," she murmured.

"Are you? Darling! How soon can you be ready? In a week? Tomorrow? Next day?"

"Quite soon. And meanwhile, might you—your dear little sister—stay for a bit at the Green Dragon?"

"We might," replied Nick solemnly, quite omitting to mention that the outlines of the skirt had been precisely their intention when leaving England.

Meanwhile Blaise had made his way to the end of the corridor and the door. Outside it he paused, overwhelmed by the sudden realization that beyond that wooden barrier lay holy ground—Paradise! And the Angel with the flaming sword stood at the gate no longer.

She was waiting for him over by the window, straight and slim and tall in her moon-grey, her hands hanging in front of her tight-clasped like those of a child. But her eyes were woman's eyes.

(To Be Continued.)

**Travellers' Taste In Fiction Has Changed**

Murder and Mystery Stories Are Most in Demand

When people go travelling nowadays they want murder and mystery stories instead of love stories to help them while away the time according to Martin Bazar, proprietor of a book store in a railway station at Detroit.

"I used to sell a lot of stories about men meeting pretty girls and falling in love, but that was two or three years ago," he said. "Now they want two or three murders in their books, or else western stories, which are next in popularity."

The books on astrology, so popular a few years back, are seldom asked for, according to Bazar. Likewise, there is little demand for the souvenirs bought avidly a few years ago.

**Britain's Oldest Woman**

Never Could Be Persuaded To Disclose Her Age

Mrs. Arabella Bridgman, who has just died at The Laurels, Clewer, Windsor, at the age of 106, was believed to be the oldest woman in Britain—but she never said so.

She refused to put her age on any document—even the census paper—and she would not fill up income tax forms.

She had lived at The Laurels for more than 80 years, but she always refused to have gas or electricity in the house, which was lit by candles.

**Might Help a Little**

One wonders if perhaps German equality and French security would be helped on a bit if "Deutschland über Alles" and "Marshallaise" were read with some breathing.

Little less nationalism and not quite so much martial ardor.

The port of Vancouver has the largest ocean grain elevator accommodation in the world.



● Eat, drink, and be merry! No need to feel "sunk" next day. Take a laxative dose of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia when you go to bed, or with your breakfast orange. It rids stomach and bowels of all lingering poisons. No headaches. No nausea. Not even a coated tongue. Get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia; substitutes are not the same.

Also in Tablet Form, Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets are now on sale at drug stores everywhere. Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of a teaspoonful of genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

Made in Canada

Virgin Rock Seldom Seen

Phenomenon On Nova Scotia Coast

Usually Obscured By Fog

The coastline of Nova Scotia is well known for its rugged splendour. Twisting and turning in almost endless variety, it provides quiet harbours and coves, as well as points where surging sea rages furiously against impregnable rock. Down through the centuries one of the coasted attractions has existed near this village.

A mile from Prospect, out on Burd Island, where the breakers expend their greatest force, lies the Virgin Rock, so named because of its remarkable resemblance to the Virgin and Child. Ages of erosion have formed the great rock into the shape of a woman's head and shoulders and the arms of her tight-clasped like those of a child. But her eyes were woman's eyes.

(To Be Continued.)

**Little Helps For This Week**

"Now the God of patience and consolation grant you to be like-minded one toward another, according to Christ Jesus."—Romans xv. 5

"Let patience have her perfect work."—James i. 4

Makes me patient, kind, and gentle. Teach me how to live more meekly. As I pray. —Sharpe's Magazine.

The exercise of patience involves a continual practice of the presence of God; for we may be come upon at any moment for an almost heroic display of good temper, and it is a short road to uneasiness, for nothing is left to self. All that seems to be most intimate, to be self property, such as time, home, and rest, are invaded by these continual trials of patience. The family is full of such opportunities.—F. W. Faber.

Persian Reins is magical in creating alluring complexion. A little gentle rubbing and your skin is invigorated and touched with the true beauty of youth. Charmingly fragrant. Delightful to use. Cools and calms the skin. Relieves all roughness and chafing caused by weather conditions. Tones and stimulates. Enhances and protects the loveliest complexion. Unusually as a perfect aid to beauty and charm.

**Locate Submarine Mountain In Pacific**

More Than One Mile High Opinion Of Surveys

A huge mountain, more than a mile high, has been discovered in the ocean 50 miles west of Santa Cruz, California, by the crew of the geologic survey boat "Gulite." It has been making soundings near here.

A huge crater, 7,000 feet deep, was located some time ago. The top of the mountain is about 100 fathoms, or 5,400 feet, under the surface.

Edible bird nests are being gathered in Java and the Philippines for export to China.

The average weight of an elephant is about five tons.

One of the most beautiful sights in the Hawaiian Islands is the moon-light rainbow.

**EDWARDSBURG "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP**

At trifling cost the most Nourishing and Delicious Food

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1933**

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Advice on the preparation of your exhibits, the details of the competition, the manner of making your entries, shipping instructions and full particulars regarding every phase of this epoch-making event, will be gladly furnished if you will write to the Secretary, World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, Imperial Bank Chambers Regina, Sask.

### DO IT NOW!

ENTRIES must be made on or before Jan. 31, 1933. EXHIBIT SAMPLES must be in the hands of the Secretary, at Regina, on or before March 1, 1933.

Chairman  
National Committee  
**HON. ROBERT WEIR**  
Minister of Agriculture  
for Canada

Chairman  
Executive and Finance Committee  
**HON. W. C. BUCKLE**  
Minister of Agriculture  
for Saskatchewan

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**\$2.00** a year. **\$3.00** for two years.

Canada's National Magazine.

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The Ladies Home Journal

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**Counter**

**Check Books**

Call and see them at the office of

**The Oyen News**

## About Town and Country

Friday, November 11, Remembrance Day, is a Dominion holiday. All stores will be closed.

After a residence of over four years in Excal district, Mr. E. A. Kemp left last Sunday morning, en route to his home in Newcastle-on-Tyne, England. Mr. Kemp, who formerly worked as an electrician in the old country is going to take up his old work again.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Purcell, who were Calgary visitors last week, returned to Oyen Thursday evening. In spite of the heavy snowfall, they found the main highway in very good condition.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Cates, who have been visiting their daughter Mrs. J. Brown at Oyster, Alta., returned home the latter part of last week.

Mr. Chas. L. Moffat, representative of the Northwest Stellarine Co., was a week-end visitor in Oyen.

Mr. Wm. A. Johnson, who has been visiting at the home of his son Mr. H. C. Johnson, left this morning for Anubay, Minn.

A united armistice service of remembrance will be conducted in All Saints Church, Oyen, on Friday, November 11, at 10:45 a.m. Rev. C. M. K. Parsons and Rev. E. F. Kemp will share the service. A cordial invitation to attend is extended to all.

Mrs. H. S. Palmer of LaPorte, Sask., who arrived in Oyen last Sunday evening, is visiting her daughter Mrs. J. E. Martin.

Mr. Wm. Walsh, who was a Calgary visitor last week, returned to Oyen last Friday.

Miss Lillian Reinhold was a Saskatoon visitor the fore part of this week.

Mrs. M. Locke of Calgary, who has been visiting her daughter Miss Maxine Locke over the week-end, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Byler, returned home yesterday.

### Halloween Dance

The Halloween dance held in Oyen Theatre last Friday night was well patronized and proved a very enjoyable function. Prizes for the best costumes were awarded to Miss Martin and her brother Mr. J. F. Martin, dressed as pirates. Prizes for the best comic costumes were awarded Miss A. M. Todd and Mrs. G. F. Freebury. It is somewhat of a problem to describe them. But if we ran a little contest, "Father steps out (backwards) - and the mother and the chid, were there" would just about fill the bill. Any way, they were a scream. Mr. Joe Long, as a mechanical robot, or a keg of beer, or what have you, deserves an honourable mention. "Aunt Jemima" and her darkie escort were also very good.

The management of the Oyen theatre announce a grand armistice dance on Friday, November 11.

### CARD OF THANKS

We desire to express our very sincere thanks to all friends for the kindness shown and sympathy extended to us in our recent bereavement, in the loss of our mother.

Mrs. Charles McMurray,  
Mrs. Henry McMurray,  
and Eunice.

### Carlers Organize

The annual meeting of the Oyen curling club was held last Thursday evening in the Masonic hall, when the following officers were elected for the 1932-33 season:

President, J. J. Purcell; 1st Vice President, Geo. Langmuir; 2nd Vice President, R. J. Scott; Secretary-treasurer, A. O. MacArthur.

Membership Committee, Chas. Stewart, Y. E. French and J. Marshall.

Executive, A. E. Johnson; A. Wright; C. Stewart; J. Marshall; G. Morrison; G. Langmuir; R. J. Scott and A. O. MacArthur.

A meeting of the club executive was held last night, and a general meeting of the club is called for Tuesday evening, November 15.

Those wishing to curl this season please see the membership committee at once.

Subscribe to the Oyen News.

One of our local radio dealers tritely remarks "Another great need in these strenuous times is an amplifier for the still small voice of conscience".

Sawdust, a waste product, was selling in Calgary last week at \$10 a ton. Wheat, a staple food, was selling at \$9 a ton. What's the answer?

And the lovely hen appears to be crashing the front page. Eggs were recently quoted at twenty-five cents a dozen. Just a cent and a half under the price of cash wheat. In other words one egg is worth approximately 57,000 kernels of wheat. (Figure this out for yourself).

### WEDDING

McCLELLAN-WILSON

The wedding of Lillian Elsie Wilson and Raymond Ralph McClellan, both of New Briden Alta., was quietly solemnized at the United Church manse, on Wednesday, October 20, 1932. Rev. E. F. Kemp officiating. Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Freebury of Oyen, were the witnesses.

### Red Cross Appeal

(Continued from page 1.)

will be functioning more adequately within its own limits, emergency clothing relief being left entirely in the hands of the Government.

His Honor, Lieutenant-Governor Walsh, has kindly consented to act as Patron of the Appeal, and the Honorable J. E. Brownlee as Honorary President. The Red Cross have been particularly fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Norman Hindley to act as Chairman of the Organization for the Province. The Appeal in the Cities will take place during the week of November 14 and in Country Districts during the week of November 21; the latter date for rural districts has been decided upon, owing to delay in threshing operations and to afford ample time for rural organization.

The Society, states Dr. Egbert, appeals to every organization, to all citizens of the Province, both young and old, to co-operate in this Appeal, the objective of which is placed at \$85,000.00. All funds raised will be spent within the Province and local Branches of the Society will retain out of the monies raised sufficient to supply their own needs after which the balance will be forwarded to the Provincial Office for the work of outlying districts. Organization will commence immediately.



## "I Gotta Order More Robin Hood Flour"

At this time of year flours are as bare as this youngster. It is time to lay in a supply of good, dependable Robin Hood flour.

Most women now know that the reason Robin Hood flour is so CLEAN and PURE is because the wheat is scrubbed and scoured in mammoth wheat washers before milling. Many, however, have asked this question: "Why is it I get bigger loaves and more of them from a bag of Robin Hood?" Here is one of the reasons:

When the wheat berry is ground in milling, dust and fibre are present. Between your thumb and finger this fibre feels like *lint* from a carpet sweeper. If left in the flour, it becomes a deadweight to the dough. Robin Hood Mills removes this fibre with an intricate system of silk sieves, some of them as fine as 125 meshes to the inch. Only the pure granules of flour pass through the sieves. . . . the dust and fibre is taken off and used for hog feed.

Dust and fibre present in CHEAP, poorly milled flours retard the action of yeast in the dough, resulting in small, flat loaves, heavy in texture and unappetizing in flavor. Robin Hood flour naturally goes farther in baking because it consists only of CLEAN, PURE flour granules—no dust, no fibre. When mixed in the dough, it responds to yeast gases readily and the bread rises high in the pans, producing more loaves of better bread.

Robin Hood flour protects your health and your pocket book. It is both safe and economical.

### STUDY THIS PICTURE—THEN THINK

The difference in cost between CLEAN, PURE Robin Hood flour, and CHEAP, poorly milled flour is only 1c PER DAY FOR A FAMILY OF FOUR.



Tell Your Dealer You Want

**Robin Hood  
FLOUR**  
CLEAN—PURE

MAKES MORE LOAVES OF BETTER BREAD

KEPT IN STOCK AND FOR SALE AT

**S. A. MILLER'S, OYEN**

READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS IN "THE NEWS"

### CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE—Two fresh cows, one cow to freshen soon. Phone 449, Oyen. Harvey C. Johnson.

PLEASE RETURN—Will the party who borrowed an evening dress suit several months ago, kindly return same to the Oyen News office.

ALASKA GARAGE—We are equipped to repair all makes of radio, either battery or electric models. Special low prices on radio repair work. Our work is guaranteed. P. I. Fadberg, Alaska, Sask.

### GO TO CHURCH SUNDAY

**OYEN CARTAGE  
AND TRANSFER**

Motor Truck Service

Water Delivered

Leave Orders on Pad in Office

**W. D. MORRELL**